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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:25:41 ON 31 OCT 2002)

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:25:48 ON 31 OCT 2002
          36414 SEA GALLIUM
L1
L2
              1 SEA GALLIUM/CN
              O SEA GALLIUM AND HYDROXY AND PYRONE
L3
              O SEA GALLIUM AND HYDROXY? AND PYRONE?
L4
L5
           2520 SEA GALLIUM COMPLEX
1.6
              O SEA L5 AND PYRONE
              O SEA HYDROXYPYRONE AND GALLIUM
L7
              1 SEA HYDROXYPYRONE
^{\text{L8}}
                D
              O SEA GALLIUM AND PYRANONE
1.9
             50 SEA GALLIUM AND PYRAN?
L10
                D 1-50
              1 SEA GALLIUM NITRATE/CN
L11
                D
              1 SEA DIDEOXYINOSINE/CN
L12
L13
              1 SEA DIDEOXYCYTIDINE/CN
              0 SEA 5-AZIDOTHEMIDINE/CN
T.14
L15
              0 SEA 5-AZIDOTHYMIDINE/CN
L16
              2 SEA AZT/CN
                D
                D 2
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:31:40 ON 31 OCT 2002 1 SEA 30516-87-1/RN D L17 SQIDE TOTAL

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, EUROPATFULL, JAPIO, ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BABS, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOTECHNO, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CBNB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, DGENE, DIOGENES, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBAL, ESBIOBASE, ...' ENTERED AT 19:32:09

ON

L17

31 OCT 2002

L18 112 SEA 5-AZT

L19 35 SEA 5-AZIDOTHYMIDINE

D 1-35 KWIC

D 29

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:35:10 ON 31 OCT 2002

L20 0 SEA 5-AZT

L21 5021 SEA 5 AZIDO?

L22 0 SEA 5 AZIDOTHYMIDINE

L23 7 SEA AZIDOTHYMIDINE

D 1-7

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, EUROPATFULL, JAPIO, ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BABS, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOTECHNO, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CBNB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, DGENE, DIOGENES, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBAL, ESBIOBASE, ...' ENTERED AT 19:36:46

```
31 OCT 2002
L*** DEL
             75 DUP REM L18 (37 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
               D 1- KWIC
           1476 S (GALLIUM OR L2 OR L10 OR L11) AND (HIV OR HUMAN IMMUNO?
L*** DEL
VIR?
            791 S L25 AND HIV
L*** DEL
L*** DEL
            599 DUP REM L26 (192 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L*** DEL
             65 S L26 AND (RIBO? (A) REDUCTAS?)
L*** DEL
              7 S L28 AND HIV-2
                D 1-7
                D 7 KWIC
                D 6 KWIC
L*** DEL
             28 S L26 AND HIV-2
                D 1-28
                D 27 KWIC
                D L28 1-65
L*** DEL
            513 S L26 NOT (L28 OR HIV-2)
                D 1-513
                D 504 KWIC
                D 307 KWIC
                D 199 KWIC
                D 188 IALL
                D 187 IALL
                D 185 IALL
                D 184 IALL
                D 146 IALL
                D 108 IALL
                D 61 IALL
L*** DEL
            685 S L25 NOT L26
L*** DEL
            495 DUP REM L34 (190 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                D 1-495
L24
            236 SEA (GALLIUM OR L2 OR L10 OR L11) AND (RIBO? OR RNA) (5A)
                 (REDUCT?)
L25
              0 SEA L24 AND NEUCLEOSID? (5A) INHIBIT?
              O SEA (GALLIUM OR L2 OR L10 OR L11) AND (NEUCLEOSID?) (5A)
L26
                (INHIBIT?)
             95 SEA (GALLIUM OR L2 OR L10 OR L11) AND (NUCLEOSID?) (5A)
L27
                (INHIBIT?)
L28
             93 DUP REM L27 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                D 1-93 KWIC
            133 DUP REM L24 (103 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L29
L30
             72 SEA L29 NOT L27
             61 SEA L29 AND L27
L31
                D 1-61
L32
             72 DUP REM L30 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                D 1-72
                D 72 IALL
                D 68 IALL
                D 67 IALL
                D 49 IALL
                D 45 IALL
             60 SEA GALLIUM MALTOLATE OR 108560-70-9
L33
L34
             21 SEA L33 AND (AIDS OR HIV OR HUMAN IMMUNO?)
L35
             18 DUP REM L34 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
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D 1-18

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:25:41 ON 31 OCT 2002)

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:25:48 ON 31 OCT 2002
          36414 SEA GALLIUM
T.1
              1 SEA GALLIUM/CN
L2
              O SEA GALLIUM AND HYDROXY AND PYRONE
L3
L4
              O SEA GALLIUM AND HYDROXY? AND PYRONE?
           2520 SEA GALLIUM COMPLEX
L5
              0 SEA L5 AND PYRONE
L6
ь7
              O SEA HYDROXYPYRONE AND GALLIUM
              1 SEA HYDROXYPYRONE
L8
                D
              O SEA GALLIUM AND PYRANONE
L9
             50 SEA GALLIUM AND PYRAN?
L10
                D 1-50
              1 SEA GALLIUM NITRATE/CN
L11
                D
              1 SEA DIDEOXYINOSINE/CN
L12
              1 SEA DIDEOXYCYTIDINE/CN
L13
L14
              0 SEA 5-AZIDOTHEMIDINE/CN
              0 SEA 5-AZIDOTHYMIDINE/CN
L15
              2 SEA AZT/CN
L16
                D
                D 2
```

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, EUROPATFULL, JAPIO, ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BABS, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOTECHNO, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CBNB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, DGENE, DIOGENES, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBAL, ESBIOBASE, ...' ENTERED AT 19:32:09

ON

31 OCT 2002

L18 112 SEA 5-AZT

L19 35 SEA 5-AZIDOTHYMIDINE

D 1-35 KWIC

D 29

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 19:35:10 ON 31 OCT 2002

FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, EUROPATFULL, JAPIO, ADISALERTS, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, BABS, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOTECHNO, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CBNB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, DGENE, DIOGENES, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBAL, ESBIOBASE, ...' ENTERED AT 19:36:46

ON

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L24
             75 DUP REM L18 (37 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                D 1- KWIC
           1476 SEA (GALLIUM OR L2 OR L10 OR L11) AND (HIV OR HUMAN IMMUNO?
L25
                VIR? OR L12 OR DIDEOXYINOSINE OR L13 OR DIDEOXYCYTIDINE OR
                INOSINE OR CYTIDINE OR THYMIDINE OR AZIDOTHYMIDINE OR AZT OR
                L17)
            791 SEA L25 AND HIV
L26
            599 DUP REM L26 (192 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L27
             65 SEA L27 AND (RIBO? (A) REDUCTAS?)
L28
              7 SEA L28 AND HIV-2
L29
                D 1-7
                D 7 KWIC
                D 6 KWIC
L30
             28 SEA L27 AND HIV-2
                D 1-28
                D 27 KWIC
                D L28 1-65
L31
            513 SEA L27 NOT (L28 OR HIV-2)
                D 1-513
                D 504 KWIC
                D 307 KWIC
                D 199 KWIC
                D 188 IALL
                D 187 IALL
                D 185 IALL
                D 184 IALL
                D 146 IALL
                D 108 IALL
                D 61 IALL
            685 SEA L25 NOT L26
L32
L33
            495 DUP REM L32 (190 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
                D 1-495
```

```
874: PN: WO02055741 SEQID: 889 claimed sequence
CN
CN
     Azidothymidine
CN
    Azitidin
CN
     AZT
     AZT (pharmaceutical)
CN
CN
     BW-A 509U
     NSC 602670
CN
CN
     Retrovir
CN
     Retrovir IV
CN
     Timazid
CN
     ZDV
CN
     Zidovudine
     STEREOSEARCH
FS
DR
     399024-19-2
     C10 H13 N5 O4
MF
CI
     STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS,
LC
BIOSIS,
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN,
       CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DIOGENES,
       DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT,
       IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PHARMASEARCH,
       PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, ULIDAT, USAN,
       USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
                     DSL**, WHO
     Other Sources:
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).
```

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Me

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4148 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
165 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
4157 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

L40 ANSWER 3 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

RN 7481-89-2 REGISTRY
CN Cytidine, 2',3'-dideoxy- (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN 2',3'-Dideoxycytidine

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CN
     877: PN: WO02055741 SEQID: 892 claimed sequence
CN
     D 2C
     ddC
CN
CN
     Dideoxycytidine
CN
     Hivid
CN
     NSC 606170
     PN: WO9948371 PAGE: 45 claimed sequence
CN
CN
     Ro 24-2027/000
CN
     Zalcitabine
     STEREOSEARCH
FS
     176485-55-5
DR
MF
     C9 H13 N3 O3
CI
     COM
     STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
LC
       BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB,
       CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU,
       DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, IPA, MEDLINE,
       MRCK*, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, TOXCENTER, ULIDAT,
USAN,
       USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources:
                    DSL**, WHO
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

N N O OH

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1257 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE)
43 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
1264 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

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L40 ANSWER 1 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     69655-05-6 REGISTRY
    Inosine, 2',3'-dideoxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN
    2',3'-Dideoxyinosine
     876: PN: WO02055741 SEQID: 891 claimed sequence
CN
CN
    BMY 40900
CN
    DdI
CN
    DdI (nucleoside)
CN
    Didanosine
CN
    Dideoxyinosine
CN
    NSC 612049
CN
    Videx
FS
    STEREOSEARCH
MF
    C10 H12 N4 O3
CI
    COM
    STN Files: ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*,
LC
      BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT,
      CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU,
      DIOGENES, DRUGNL, DRUGPAT, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, EMBASE, HSDB*, IPA,
      MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, PHAR, PROMT, RTECS*, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER,
      ULIDAT, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1559 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1962 TO DATE) 31 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA 1568 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1962 TO DATE)

L40 ANSWER 2 OF 3 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
RN 30516-87-1 REGISTRY
CN Thymidine, 3'-azido-3'-deoxy- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN 3'-Azido-3'-deoxythymidine
CN 3'-Azidothymidine
CN 3'-Deoxy-3'-azidothymidine

L32 ANSWER 72 OF 72 FEDRIP COPYRIGHT 2002 NTIS

NUMBER OF REPORT: VA 129270 0005, 584 NUMBER OF CONTRACT:

Gallium Therapy for Mycobacterial

Infections

Principal Investigator: Schlesinger, Larry S., M.D. Department of Veterans Affairs, Medical Center, Iowa

City, IA

Supported By: Department of Veterans Affairs, SUPPORTING ORGN:

Research and Development (15), 810 Vermont Ave.

Washington, D.C., 20420, United States of America

Sep 2, 1999

Department of Veterans Affairs

TUBERCULOSIS; RADIOTHERAPY; MYCOBACTERIUM INFECTIONS OBJECTIVE: We propose the following two specific

aims: 1) examine mec hanism(s) whereby Ga is

acquired

and exhibits its microbicidal effects of M. tuberculosis (M.tb) and M. avium/intracellular complex (MAC), and 2) determine the mechanism(s) whereby Ga trafficks from the extracellular environment to the mycobacterial phagosome in macrophages and its effect on mycobacterial

viability in t his location. RESEARCH PLAN: Gallium

(Ga), a group IIIA transition metal, particula rly

the form of Ga nitrate [Ga(NO3)3], has been used clinically to localize neoplasms and inflammatory sites due to its concentration in tumor cells and macrophages and also to treat malignant neoplasms

associated hypercalcemia. The effects of Ga relate

its ability to substitute for Fe in many

biornolecular processes, thereby disrupting them. Ga targets ribonucleotide reductase

(RR) in eukaryotic cells, a critical enzyme in DNA replication. Bacteria also contain RR. Ga, like Fe, enters macrophages via both transferrin-dependent

transferrinindependent mechanisms. Thus, we hypothesize that Ga compounds may represent a new class of agents for treating mycobacterial

through disruption of bacterial Fe-dependent metabolic pathways. Our goal is to characterize completely the mechanism of action of Ga against pathogenic mycobacterial with the eventual goal to determine the feasibility of the use of Ga compounds as therapeutic agents for this important group of pathogens. METHODOLOGY: Our methods include cell

2002:46310 FEDRIP ACCESSION NUMBER:

RESEARCH TITLE:

STAFF:

PERFORMING ORGN:

N.W.,

PROJECT START DATE:

FILE SEGMENT:

SUMMARY:

in

and

to

and

infections

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culture, radiolabeled Ga bindin g studies and assays of enzyme activity. FINDKINGS: Our studies indicate that Ga inhibits the growth of M.tb i ncluding an

strain, and MAC extracellularly and within human macrophages. Ga treatment is cidal against M.tb growing in macrophages. The Gamediated growth inhibition is additive with other anti mycobacterial drugs. The effect of Ga is reversed with excess Fe and Ga interrupts the ability of intracellular M.tb to acquire exogenous Fe. Finally, our studies indicate that Ga reduces the enzymatic activity of purified recombinant RR from M.tb. Our methods include cell culture, radiolabeled Ga binding

and assays of enzyme activity. Recent studies show that Ga is effective against a range of iron and has activity in a guinea pig mode 1 of tuberculosis. CLINICAL RELEVANCE: Diseases due to M.tb and MAC cause significant wo rldwide morbidity and mortality especially in AIDS patients. MAC are uniformly multidrug-resistant (MDR) and MDR strains of M.tb

becoming more prevalent. Treatment requires multiple antibiotics with significant toxicity administered over months to years. Thus, there is the need to evaluate novel, effective therapeutic agents with

promise of reducing the duration of therapy. M.tb

MAC are representative of a group of intracellular. pathogens that enter and multiply within mononuclear phagocytes. Iron (Fe) availability is critical for mycobacterial growth, making disruption of this aspect of mycobacterial metabolism an attractive target for antimicrobial therapy.

TUBERCULOSIS; RADIOTHERAPY; MYCOBACTERIUM INFECTIONS

MDR

studies

are

the

and

SUBJECT INDEX TERM:

=>

L28 ANSWER 1 OF 65 DRUGNL COPYRIGHT 2002 IMSWORLD

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:1271 DRUGNL

TITLE:

gallium maltolate Titan phase change II, USA

(cancer)

SOURCE:

R&D Focus Drug News (9 Apr 2001).

WORD COUNT:

99

L28 ANSWER 2 OF 65 DRUGUPDATES COPYRIGHT 2002 IMSWORLD

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:750 DRUGUPDATES

SOURCE:

R&D Focus, (9 Apr 2001)

GENERIC NAME:

gallium maltolate

CHEMICAL NAME:

(OC-6-21) -tris[3-(hydroxy-kappaO) -2-methyl-4H-pyran-4-

onato-kappa04]gallium

CAS REGISTRY NO.:

STRUCTURE:

108560-70-9

CLASSIFICATION: L1X Other Cytostatics; J5C9 Other HIV Antivirals

HIGHEST DEV. PHASE: Phase II (40)

COMPANY INFORMATION:

L28 ANSWER 3 OF 65 PHAR COPYRIGHT 2002 PJB

AN 26705 PHAR

DN 031094

CN gallium maltolate

CN 4H-Pyran-4-one, 3-hydroxy-2-methyl-, gallium complex

STA Active

SO Pharmaprojects. PJB Publications Ltd., Richmond, Surrey, UK

TX Gallium maltolate is an orally-active ribonucleotide reductase inhibitor, under development by Titan Pharmaceuticals for the treatment of cancer (Press release, Titan, 2 Apr 2001; Company Web Page, Titan, 25 Jan 2002).

Marketing

It was acquired by Titan when Titan acquired GeoMed (Press release, Titan, 20 Jul 2000).

Clinical

Phase IIIt is in a multicentre Phase II clinical trial in 104 patients with refractory multiple myeloma, metastatic prostate cancer, metastatic bladder cancer and refractory lymphoma. It will be administered at 1 of 3 dose levels in 28-day cycles to determine safety and tumour response (Press release, Titan, 2 Apr 2001; Direct communication, Titan, 30 Mar 2002). Phase I/II trials for treating HIV infection were planned for the 1st qtr of 2002 (not started as of Jun 2002) (Company Web Page, Titan, 25 Jan 2002; Direct communication, Titan, 18 Jun 2002).

Phase IIn Phase I trials, po administration produced potentially therapeutic serum concentrations, with pharmacokinetics that indicated twice- or once-daily dosing. It was safe for up to 28 days (Press release, Titan, 20 Jul 2000; Direct communication, Titan, 30 Mar 2002).

Preclinical

Preclinical evaluation for use in treating HIV infection is underway (Direct communication, Titan, 18 Jun 2002). In vitro,

gallium maltolate inhibited ribonucleotide
reductase and enhanced the effects of nucleoside inhibitors

such as didanosine and stavudine (both qv) (Company Web Page, Titan, 25 Jan 2002). Updated by SB on 24/6/2002.

DSTA World: Phase II Clinical Trial

Canada: Phase II Clinical Trial

United States: Phase II Clinical Trial

CC K6Z Anticancer, other

J5A Antiviral, anti-HIV

CT Indication: Cancer, myeloma; Cancer, prostate; Cancer, bladder; Cancer, lymphoma, general; Infection, HIV/AIDS

ORGM CH-SY (Chemical synthesis, synthetic)

RTE A-PO (Alimentary, po)

RDAT 20000726 RNTE ##Act##New Product

20000726 ##Act##New Chemical Structure New

20001121 ##Act##New Indication Cancer, lymphoma and myeloma and HIV/AIDS

20010402 20020125 ##Act##Status changed Phase II Clinical Trial
##Est##New Indication Cancer, bladder and Cancer,

lymphoma,

general

PHCD RIB-TP-AN; Enzyme, Oxidoreductase, Ribonucleoside triphosphate reductase inhibitor; Antineoplastic e.g. hydroxyurea; Ribonucleotide reductase inhibitor; E-OR-RIB-TP-AN; 1.17.4.2.

PHCD E; E-AN; E-OR; E-OR-AN; E-OR-RIB; E-OR-RIB-AN; E-OR-RIB-TP; E-OR-RIB-TP-AN; OR; OR-AN; OR-RIB; OR-RIB-AN; OR-RIB-TP; OR-RIB-TP-AN; RIB; RIB-AN; RIB-TP; RIB-TP-AN; TP; TP-AN.

NRAT 6:Novelty Rating - Leading Compound
MRAT 3:Market Rating - US\$ 2001-5000 million
SRAT 4:Speed Rating - Faster than Average
TRAT 13:Total Rating - Total Rating
LCDAT 20020624: SB: Clinical information updated

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

L31 ANSWER 188 OF 513 PROMT COPYRIGHT 2002 Gale Group

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:616469 PROMT

TTTLE:

Titan Pharmaceuticals Acquires Novel Agent for the

Treatment of Cancer and Viral Disease. Business Wire, (20 Jul 2000) pp. 245.

SOURCE:
PUBLISHER:

Business Wire

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: WORD COUNT: Newsletter English

576

TEXT:

Business Editors

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, Calif. -- (BUSINESS WIRE) -- July 20, 2000

Titan Pharmaceuticals Inc. (AMEX: TTP) announced today that it has acquired worldwide rights to a novel, proprietary, experimental agent for the potential treatment of cancer and other conditions, including HIV infection. The product is an orally active agent that has completed initial Phase I clinical testing. Titan plans to begin Phase II clinical development in the treatment of certain cancers, and also evaluate its potential utility in other indications, including HIV infection.

The agent, gallium maltolate, contains an oral form of ***gallium*** , a semi-metallic element that is known to concentrate in malignant tumors and sites of infection. In previous pilot clinical studies, intravenously administered gallium has demonstrated preliminary evidence of anti-tumor activity in several cancer indications, including multiple myeloma, lymphoma and bladder cancer. Recent in vitro data indicate that gallium may also have potential for the treatment of HIV infection.

Titan believes gallium maltolate may unlock the therapeutic potential of gallium, by providing a unique orally active formulation for treatment of cancer and other diseases. Recent Phase I studies of ***gallium*** maltolate have demonstrated a good safety profile, with attainment of potentially therapeutic serum drug levels, and pharmacokinetics that support twice a day or once a day dosing.

Dr. Christopher Chitambar, Professor of Medicine at the Medical College of Wisconsin stated, "Previous clinical studies of intravenous gallium have shown promise in the treatment of a number of cancers and cancer-related conditions. An orally bioavailable agent such as gallium maltolate offers numerous potential advantages, and could provide an important new component to the therapy of several types of cancer." Dr. Chitambar has extensive research and clinical experience with the therapeutic applications of novel compounds in the treatment of cancer.

"We are very pleased to acquire rights to this unique proprietary therapeutic

agent," commented Dr. Louis R. Bucalo, Chairman, CEO and President of Titan. "
Gallium maltolate may provide the best practical means for utilizing
the novel anti-cancer activity of gallium, and we look forward to

initiating further clinical testing."

With the addition of this new agent, Titan now has nine products in development, with seven in clinical testing. Titan is acquiring the product through the acquisition of GeoMed, Inc. a privately held California company founded for development of the agent. The completion of the acquisition is subject to customary closing conditions.

Titan Pharmaceuticals, Inc. is a biopharmaceutical company developing proprietary therapeutics for the treatment of central nervous system disorders,

cancer and other serious and life-threatening diseases.

The press release may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such statements include, but are not limited to, any statements relating to the Company's development program and any other statements that are not historical facts. Such statements involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those risks and uncertainties relating to difficulties or delays in development, testing, regulatory approval, production and marketing of the Company's drug candidates, unexpected

adverse side effects or inadequate therapeutic efficacy of the Company's drug candidates that could slow or prevent product markets, the uncertainty of patent protection for the Company's intellectual property or trade secrets and the Company's ability to obtain additional financing if necessary. Such statements are based on management's current expectations, but actual results may differ materially due to various factors, including those risks and uncertainties mentioned or referred to in this press release.

THIS IS THE FULL TEXT: COPYRIGHT 2000 Business Wire PRODUCT CODE: *PC2831000 Biological Products

CORPORATE NAME: *Titan Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Ticker Symbol: TNP)
INDUSTRY CLASS: *BUS Business, General; BUSN Any type of business
N. AM. IND. CLASS: *325414 Biological Product (except Diagnostic)

Manufacturing

GEOGRAPHIC TERM: *CC1USA United States

FEATURES: LOB; COMPANY